FCM Rural FactSheet #9 Size of non-metro economy

Federation of Canadian Municipalities: contact <u>DRubinstein@FCM.CA</u> FactSheets at http://www.fcm.ca/home/issues/rural-and-northern/rural-report-fact-sheets.htm

Population in non-metro areas, Canada and Provinces, 2012					
	2012 population				
	Total	Non-metro	Non- metro as percent of total		
Newfoundland and Labrador	512,659	312,109	61		
Prince Edward Island	146,105	146,105	100		
Nova Scotia	948,695	534,985	56		
New Brunswick	755,950	484,111	64		
Quebec	8,054,756	2,507,383	31		
Ontario	13,505,900	2,835,756	21		
Manitoba	1,267,003	488,606	39		
Saskatchewan	1,079,958	569,638	53		
Alberta	3,873,745	1,334,468	34		
British Columbia	4,622,573	1,432,984	31		
Sum of 10 provinces	34,767,344	10,646,145	31		

Source: Statistics Canada. Annual Demographic Statistics. CANSIM Table 051-0001 and 051-0046.

Number employed in non-metro areas, Canada and Provinces, 2013					
	All areas	Non-	Non-metro		
	All al cas	metro	as a		
	Number e	mployed	percent of		
	(,000)		all areas		
Newfoundland and Labrador	233	125	54		
Prince Edward Island	74	74	100		
Nova Scotia	454	227	50		
New Brunswick	351	214	61		
Quebec	4,031	1,179	29		
Ontario	6,876	1,243	18		
Manitoba	634	215	34		
Saskatchewan	554	259	47		
Alberta	2,205	717	33		
British Columbia	2,309	667	29		
Canada	17,720	4,920	28		

Source: Statistics Canada. Labour Force Survey, CANSIM Tables 282-0001 and 282-0011.

Approximate GDP in non-metro areas, Canada and Provinces, 2010					
	2010 GDP of industrial sectors ¹ (\$billlion)				
	Total for province	Estimate for non- metro areas ²	Non- metro as a percent of total		
Newfoundland and Labrador	26	16	61		
Prince Edward Island	4	4	100		
Nova Scotia	30	15	50		
New Brunswick	25	16	63		
Quebec	289	87	30		
Ontario	544	103	19		
Manitoba	45	16	35		
Saskatchewan	56	31	55		
Alberta	245	90	37		
British Columbia	170	54	32		
Sum of 10 provinces	1,436	432	30		

 In this table, the GDP generated from owner-occupied housing (i.e. imputed house rent) has been subtracted from the 'real estate and leasing' patter and her here would define the state.

sector and has been excluded from the total.

Calculated by the author by simply multiplying the provincial GDP in an industry sector by the percent of the workforce in the given sector that resides in a non-metro area. • There are various ways to measure the size of the non-metro economy.

• If one uses population to measure of size of non-metro, we find 10.6 Canadians reside in non-metro areas.

• This represents 31% of all Canadians.

• This share ranges from 21% in Ontario to 64% in New Brunswick to 100% in Prince Edward Island (where there are no metro areas).

• If one uses employment to measure the size of non-metro, then we find 4.9 million Canadians are employed in non-metro areas.

• This represents 28% of all employed individuals in Canada.

• This share ranges from 18% in Ontario to 61% in New Brunswick to 100% in Prince Edward Island.

• If one uses GDP to measure the size of non-metro Canada, then we find an approximate GDP of \$432 billion in non-metro Canada.

• This represents 30% of Canada's total GDP

• This share ranges from 19% in Ontario to 63% in New Brunswick to 100% in Prince Edward Island

• **Metro** refers to residents of Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs). CMAs have 50,000 or more in the built-up core (100,000 or more prior to 2006) and includes all neighbouring towns and municipalities where 50 percent or more of the workforce commutes to the built-up core.

Non-metro refers to the residents outside a CMA.

List of FCM Rural FactSheets

- #1 Introduction
- #2 Size of non-metropolitan population
- #3 Growth of non-metropolitan population
- #4 Replacement of working age population
- #5 Immigrant arrivals
- #6 Youth out-migration
- #7 Youth retention
- #8 Aging
- #9 Size of non-metropolitan economy
- #10 Non-metropolitan employment by sector
- #11 Non-metropolitan Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by sector